

CONTENTS

List of Contributors xiii
Author's Biography xvi
Preface xix

PART 1 INTRODUCTION 1

- 1 What is urban remote sensing? 3
Xiaojun Yang
- 1.1 Introduction 4
- 1.2 Remote sensing and urban studies 5
- 1.3 Remote sensing systems for urban areas 6
- 1.4 Algorithms and techniques for urban attribute extraction 7
- 1.5 Urban socioeconomic analyses 7
- 1.6 Urban environmental analyses 8
- 1.7 Urban growth and landscape change modeling 8
- Summary and concluding remarks 9
- References 10

PART 2 REMOTE SENSING SYSTEMS FOR URBAN AREAS 13

- 2 Use of archival Landsat imagery to monitor urban spatial growth 15
Xiaojun Yang
- 2.1 Introduction 16
- 2.2 Landsat program and imaging sensors 16
- 2.3 Mapping urban spatial growth in an American metropolis 18
 - 2.3.1 Research design 18
 - 2.3.2 Data acquisition and land classification scheme 19
 - 2.3.3 Image processing of remotely sensed data 20
 - 2.3.4 Change detection 21
 - 2.3.5 Interpretation and analysis 25
 - 2.3.6 Summary 27
- 2.4 Discussion 27
 - 2.4.1 A generic urban growth monitoring workflow 27
 - 2.4.2 Image resolution and land use/cover classification 27

- 2.4.3 Image preprocessing 28
- 2.4.4 Change detection methods 29

Summary and concluding remarks 30

References 30

3 Limits and challenges of optical very-high-spatial-resolution satellite remote sensing for urban applications 35

Paolo Gamba, Fabio Dell'Acqua, Mattia Stasolla, Giovanna Trianni and Gianni Lisini

- 3.1 Introduction 36
- 3.2 Geometrical problems 36
- 3.3 Spectral problems 38
- 3.4 Mapping limits and challenges 38
- 3.5 Adding the time factor: VHR and change detection 39
- 3.6 A possible way forward 39
- 3.7 Building damage assessment 43
- Conclusions 46
- References 47

4 Potential of hyperspectral remote sensing for analyzing the urban environment 49

Sigrid Roessner, Karl Segl, Mathias Bochow, Uta Heiden, Wieke Heldens and Hermann Kaufmann

- 4.1 Introduction 50
- 4.2 Spectral characteristics of urban surface materials 50
 - 4.2.1 Categories of interest for material mapping 50
 - 4.2.2 Establishment of urban spectral libraries 52
 - 4.2.3 Determination of robust spectral features 52
- 4.3 Automated identification of urban surface materials 54
 - 4.3.1 State of the art of automated hyperspectral image analysis 54
 - 4.3.2 Processing system for automated material mapping 57
- 4.4 Results and discussion of their potential for urban analysis 58
- References 60

- 5 Very-high-resolution spaceborne synthetic aperture radar and urban areas: looking into details of a complex environment** 63
Fabio Dell'Acqua, Paolo Gamba and Diego Polli
- 5.1 Introduction 64
- 5.2 Before spaceborne high-resolution SAR 64
- 5.3 High-resolution SAR 66
- 5.3.1 Extraction of single buildings 66
- 5.3.2 Damage assessment with VHR SAR data 67
- 5.3.3 Vulnerability mapping with VHR SAR data 69
- Conclusions 70
- Acknowledgments 70
- References 70
- 6 3D building reconstruction from airborne lidar point clouds fused with aerial imagery** 75
Jonathan Li and Haiyan Guan
- 6.1 Lidar-driven building models: related work 76
- 6.1.1 Building detection 76
- 6.1.2 Building reconstruction 76
- 6.2 Our building reconstruction method 77
- 6.2.1 Our strategy using fused data 77
- 6.2.2 Building detection 78
- 6.2.3 Building reconstruction 81
- 6.3 Results and discussion 85
- 6.3.1 Datasets 85
- 6.3.2 Results 85
- Concluding remarks 89
- Acknowledgments 90
- References 90
- PART 3 ALGORITHMS AND TECHNIQUES FOR URBAN ATTRIBUTE EXTRACTION** 93
- 7 Parameterizing neural network models to improve land classification performance** 95
Xiaojun Yang and Libin Zhou
- 7.1 Introduction 96
- 7.2 Fundamentals of neural networks 96
- 7.2.1 Neural network types 96
- 7.2.2 Network topology 98
- 7.2.3 Neural training 98
- 7.3 Internal parameters and classification accuracy 100
- 7.3.1 Experimental design 100
- 7.3.2 Remotely sensed data and land classification scheme 101
- 7.3.3 Network configuration and training 101
- 7.3.4 Image classification and accuracy assessment 103
- 7.3.5 Interpretation and analysis 103
- 7.3.6 Summary 105
- 7.4 Training algorithm performance 105
- 7.4.1 Experimental design 105
- 7.4.2 Network training and image classification 105
- 7.4.3 Performance evaluation 106
- 7.5 Toward a systematic approach to image classification by neural networks 107
- Future research directions 108
- References 108
- 8 Characterizing urban subpixel composition using spectral mixture analysis** 111
Rebecca Powell
- 8.1 Introduction 112
- 8.2 Overview of SMA implementation 112
- 8.2.1 SMA background 112
- 8.2.2 Endmember selection 114
- 8.2.3 SMA models 116
- 8.2.4 Mapping fraction images 117
- 8.2.5 Model complexity 118
- 8.2.6 Accuracy assessment 118
- 8.3 Two case studies 118
- 8.3.1 Evolution of urban morphology on a tropical forest frontier 119
- 8.3.2 Discriminating urban tree and lawn cover in a western US city 122
- Conclusions 124
- Acknowledgments 126
- References 126
- 9 An object-oriented pattern recognition approach for urban classification** 129
Soe W. Myint and Douglas Stow
- 9.1 Introduction 130
- 9.2 Object-oriented classification 130
- 9.2.1 Image segmentation 130
- 9.2.2 Features 131
- 9.2.3 Classifiers 132
- 9.3 Data and study area 133
- 9.4 Methodology 134

- 9.4.1 Rule-based detection of swimming pools 134
- 9.4.2 Nearest neighbor classifier to extract urban land covers 136
- 9.5 **Results and discussion** 137
 - 9.5.1 Decision rule set to extract pool 137
 - 9.5.2 Nearest neighbor classifier to extract urban land covers 138

Conclusion 139

References 140

10 Spatial enhancement of multispectral images on urban areas 141

Bruno Aiazzi, Stefano Baronti, Luca Capobianco, Andrea Garzelli and Massimo Selva

- 10.1 **Introduction** 142
 - 10.1.1 Component substitution fusion methods 142
 - 10.1.2 Multiresolution analysis fusion methods 142
 - 10.1.3 Injection model of details 143
 - 10.1.4 Quality assessment 143

10.2 **Multiresolution fusion scheme** 144

10.3 **Component substitution fusion scheme** 144

10.4 **Hybrid MRA – component substitution method** 146

10.5 **Results** 147

Conclusions 152

References 152

11 Exploring the temporal lag between the structure and function of urban areas 155

Victor Mesev

- 11.1 **Introduction** 156
- 11.2 **Micro and macro urban remote sensing** 156
- 11.3 **The temporal lag challenge** 157
- 11.4 **Structural–functional links** 157
- 11.5 **Temporal–structural–functional links** 159
- 11.6 **Empirical measurement of temporal lags** 159

Conclusions 161

References 161

PART 4 URBAN SOCIOECONOMIC ANALYSES 163

12 A pluralistic approach to defining and measuring urban sprawl 165

Amnon Frenkel and Daniel Orenstein

12.1 **Introduction** 166

12.2 **The diversity of definitions of sprawl** 166

12.2.1 **Definitions describing an urban spatial development phenomenon** 167

12.2.2 **Definitions based on consequences of sprawl; sprawl is as sprawl does** 167

12.2.3 **Definitions according to the social and/or economic processes that give rise to particular urban spatial development patterns** 168

12.2.4 **Sprawl redux: focusing on the concerns of remote sensing experts** 168

12.3 **Historic forms of “urban sprawl”** 168

12.4 **Qualitative dimensions of sprawl and quantitative variables for measuring them** 169

12.4.1 **Criteria for a good sprawl measurement variable** 170

12.4.2 **What shall we measure?** 170

12.4.3 **Choosing among the sprawl measures** 173

Conclusion 178

References 178

13 Small area population estimation with high-resolution remote sensing and lidar 183

Le Wang and Jose-Silvan Cardenas

13.1 **Introduction** 184

13.2 **Study sites and data** 185

13.3 **Methodology** 186

13.3.1 **Data preprocessing** 186

13.3.2 **Building extraction** 186

13.3.3 **Land use classification** 186

13.3.4 **Population estimation models** 187

13.3.5 **Accuracy assessment** 187

13.4 **Results** 187

13.4.1 **Building detection results** 187

13.4.2 **Land use classification results** 189

13.4.3 **Population estimation results** 189

Discussion and conclusions 192

Acknowledgments 192

References 192

14 Dasymetric mapping for population and sociodemographic data redistribution 195

James B. Holt and Hua Lu

14.1 **Introduction** 196

14.2 **Dasymetric maps, dasymetric mapping, and areal interpolation** 196

14.2.1 **Ancillary data** 197

14.2.2 **Dasymetric mapping** 197

- 14.2.3 Origins 197
- 14.2.4 Dasymetric mapping variations 198
- 14.3 Application example: metropolitan Atlanta, Georgia 200**
 - 14.3.1 Data 200
 - 14.3.2 Dasymetric maps 201
 - 14.3.3 Areal interpolation 203

Conclusions 205

Acknowledgments 208

References 208

15 Who's in the dark—satellite based estimates of electrification rates 211

Christopher D. Elvidge, Kimberly E. Baugh, Paul C. Sutton, Budhendra Bhaduri, Benjamin T. Tuttle, Tilotamma Ghosh, Daniel Ziskin and Edward H. Erwin

- 15.1 Introduction 212
- 15.2 Methods 212
 - 15.2.1 Data sources 212
 - 15.2.2 Data processing 213
- 15.3 Results 213
- 15.4 Discussion 214

Conclusion 223

Acknowledgments 223

References 223

16 Integrating remote sensing and GIS for environmental justice research 225

Jeremy Mennis

- 16.1 Introduction 226
- 16.2 Environmental justice research 226
- 16.3 Remote sensing for environmental equity analysis 227
- 16.4 Integrating remotely sensed and other spatial data using GIS 229
- 16.5 Case study: vegetation and socioeconomic character in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 230

Conclusion 234

References 235

PART 5 URBAN ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES 239

17 Remote sensing of high resolution urban impervious surfaces 241

Changshan Wu and Fei Yuan

- 17.1 Introduction 242

- 17.2 Impervious surface estimation 242
 - 17.2.1 Pixel-based models 242
 - 17.2.2 Object-based models 243

17.3 Pixel-based models for estimating high-resolution impervious surface 243

- 17.3.1 Introduction 243
- 17.3.2 Study area and data 243
- 17.3.3 Methodology 244
- 17.3.4 Results 248

17.4 Object-based models for estimating high-resolution impervious surface 249

- 17.4.1 Study area and data preparation 249
- 17.4.2 Object-oriented classification 249
- 17.4.3 Results 251

Conclusions 252

References 252

18 Use of impervious surface data obtained from remote sensing in distributed hydrological modeling of urban areas 255

Frank Canters, Okke Batelaan, Tim Van de Voorde, Jarosław Chormański and Boud Verbeiren

- 18.1 Introduction 256
- 18.2 Spatially distributed hydrological modeling 256
- 18.3 Impervious surface mapping 257
- 18.4 The WetSpa model 258
 - 18.4.1 Surface runoff 258
 - 18.4.2 Flow routing 260
 - 18.4.3 Water balance 261
- 18.5 Impact of different approaches for estimating impervious surface cover on runoff calculation and prediction of peak discharges 261
 - 18.5.1 Study area and data 261
 - 18.5.2 Impervious surface mapping 262
 - 18.5.3 Impact of land-cover distribution on estimation of peak discharges 264

Conclusions 270

Acknowledgments 270

References 270

19 Impacts of urban growth on vegetation carbon sequestration 275

Tingting Zhao

- 19.1 Introduction 276
- 19.2 Vegetation productivities and estimation 276
 - 19.2.1 Vegetation productivities 276
 - 19.2.2 Estimation of vegetation productivities 276
- 19.3 Data and analysis 277

- 19.3.1 Identifying urban growth 277
- 19.3.2 Preparing vegetation maps and light-use efficiency parameters 279
- 19.3.3 Estimating APAR, GPP and changes in GPP 279
- 19.4 Results** 280
- 19.5 Discussion** 283
 - 19.5.1 Urban growth in the South Atlantic division 283
 - 19.5.2 Impacts of urban growth on vegetation productivities 283
- Conclusions** 284
- Acknowledgments** 284
- References** 285

20 Characterizing biodiversity in urban areas using remote sensing 287

Marcus Hedblom and Ulla Mörtberg

- 20.1 Introduction** 288
- 20.2 Remote sensing methods in urban biodiversity studies** 288
 - 20.2.1 Direct approaches 289
 - 20.2.2 Indirect approaches 289
- 20.3 Hierarchical levels and definitions of urban ecosystems** 292
 - 20.3.1 Flora and fauna along urban gradients 292
 - 20.3.2 Using remote sensing to quantify urbanization patterns 293
- 20.4 Using remote sensing to interpret effects of urbanization on species distribution** 294
- 20.5 Long-term monitoring of biodiversity in urban green areas – methodology development** 295
- 20.6 Applications in urban planning and management** 296
- Conclusions** 297
- Acknowledgments** 300
- References** 300

21 Urban weather, climate and air quality modeling: increasing resolution and accuracy using improved urban morphology 305

Susanne Grossman-Clarke, William L. Stefanov and Joseph A. Zehnder

- 21.1 Introduction** 306
- 21.2 Physical approaches for the representation of urban areas in regional atmospheric models** 306
 - 21.2.1 Roughness approach 307
 - 21.2.2 Single-layer urban canopy approaches 307

- 21.2.3 Multilayer urban canopy approaches 307

21.3 Remotely sensed data as input for regional atmospheric models 307

- 21.3.1 Urban land use and land cover data 308
- 21.3.2 Building data 310

21.4 Case studies investigating the effects of urbanization on weather, climate and air quality 311

- 21.4.1 Studies investigating effects of urban land use and land cover on meteorology and air quality 311
- 21.4.2 Case study for Phoenix 312

- Conclusions** 316
- Acknowledgments** 316
- References** 316

PART 6 URBAN GROWTH AND LANDSCAPE CHANGE MODELING 321

22 Cellular automata and agent base models for urban studies: from pixels to cells to hexa-dpi's 323

Elisabete A. Silva

- 22.1 Introduction** 324
- 22.2 Computation: the raster-pixel approach** 324
- 22.3 Cells: migrating from basic pixels** 324
- 22.4 Agents: joining with cells** 327
- 22.5 Cells and agents in a computer's "artificial life"** 328
- 22.6 The hexa-dpi: closing the cycle in the digital age** 330
- Conclusions** 332
- References** 332

23 Calibrating and validating cellular automata models of urbanization 335

Paul M. Torrens

- 23.1 Introduction** 336
- 23.2 Calibration** 336
 - 23.2.1 Conditional transition rules 336
 - 23.2.2 Weighted transition rules 337
 - 23.2.3 Seeding and initial conditions 337
 - 23.2.4 Specifying the value of calibration parameters 338
 - 23.2.5 Coupling automata and exogenous models 338
 - 23.2.6 Automatic calibration 339

- 23.3 Validating automata models** 339
 - 23.3.1 Pixel matching 339
 - 23.3.2 Feature and pattern recognition 340
 - 23.3.3 Running models exhaustively 341

Conclusions 341

Acknowledgments 342

References 342

24 Agent-based urban modeling: simulating urban growth and subsequent landscape change in Suzhou, China 347

Yichun Xie and Xining Yang

- 24.1 Introduction** 348
- 24.2 Design, construction, calibration, and validation of ABM** 348
- 24.3 Case study – desakota development in Suzhou, China** 350
- 24.4 The Suzhou Urban Growth Agent Model** 351
 - 24.4.1 The model design 351
 - 24.4.2 The model construction 352
 - 24.4.3 The model calibration 352
 - 24.4.4 The model validation 353

Summary and conclusion 354

References 355

25 Ecological modeling in urban environments: predicting changes in biodiversity in response to future urban development 359

Jeffrey Hepinstall-Cymerman

- 25.1 Introduction** 360
 - 25.1.1 Using urban remote sensing to develop land cover maps for ecological modeling 360
 - 25.1.2 One example of ecological modeling: modeling species habitat 360
 - 25.1.3 Predicting future land use and land cover 361
 - 25.1.4 Integrating models to predict future biodiversity 362

25.2 Predicting changes in land cover and avian biodiversity for an area north of Seattle, Washington 362

- 25.2.1 Land cover maps 362
- 25.2.2 Land use change model 362
- 25.2.3 Land cover change model 364
- 25.2.4 Avian biodiversity model 365
- 25.2.5 Predicted land cover change for study area 365
- 25.2.6 Predicted changes in avian biodiversity for study area 365

Conclusions 365

Acknowledgments 367

References 368

26 Rethinking progress in urban analysis and modeling: models, metaphors, and meaning 371

Daniel Z. Sui

- 26.1 Introduction** 372
- 26.2 Pepper's world hypotheses: the role of root metaphors in understanding reality** 373
- 26.3 Progress in urban analysis and modeling: metaphors urban modelers live by** 373
 - 26.3.1 Cities as forms – the spatial morphology tradition 374
 - 26.3.2 Cities as machines – the social physics tradition 375
 - 26.3.3 Cities as organisms – the social biology tradition 375
 - 26.3.4 Cities as arenas – the spatial event tradition 376
- 26.4 Models, metaphors, and the meaning of progress: further discussions** 377

Summary and concluding remarks 377

Acknowledgments 378

Notes 378

References 378

Index 383