



Contents

Preface

xvii

1	Time-Varying and Time-Harmonic Electromagnetic Fields	1
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Maxwell's Equations	1
1.2.1	<i>Differential Form of Maxwell's Equations</i>	2
1.2.2	<i>Integral Form of Maxwell's Equations</i>	3
1.3	Constitutive Parameters and Relations	5
1.4	Circuit-Field Relations	7
1.4.1	<i>Kirchhoff's Voltage Law</i>	7
1.4.2	<i>Kirchhoff's Current Law</i>	8
1.4.3	<i>Element Laws</i>	10
1.5	Boundary Conditions	12
1.5.1	<i>Finite Conductivity Media</i>	12
1.5.2	<i>Infinite Conductivity Media</i>	15
1.5.3	<i>Sources Along Boundaries</i>	17
1.6	Power and Energy	18
1.7	Time-Harmonic Electromagnetic Fields	21
1.7.1	<i>Maxwell's Equations in Differential and Integral Forms</i>	22
1.7.2	<i>Boundary Conditions</i>	22
1.7.3	<i>Power and Energy</i>	25
1.8	Multimedia	29
	References	29
	Problems	30
2	Electrical Properties of Matter	39
2.1	^{**} Introduction	39
2.2	Dielectrics, Polarization, and Permittivity	41
2.3	Magnetics, Magnetization, and Permeability	48
2.4	Current, Conductors, and Conductivity	55
2.4.1	<i>Current</i>	55
2.4.2	<i>Conductors</i>	56
2.4.3	<i>Conductivity</i>	57
2.5	Semiconductors	59
2.6	Superconductors	64
2.7	Metamaterials	66

2.8	Linear, Homogeneous, Isotropic, and Nondispersive Media	67
2.9	A.C. Variations in Materials	68
2.9.1	<i>Complex Permittivity</i>	68
2.9.2	<i>Complex Permeability</i>	79
2.9.3	<i>Ferrites</i>	80
2.10	Multimedia	89
	References	89
	Problems	91
3	Wave Equation and its Solutions	99
3.1	Introduction	99
3.2	Time-Varying Electromagnetic Fields	99
3.3	Time-Harmonic Electromagnetic Fields	101
3.4	Solution to the Wave Equation	102
3.4.1	<i>Rectangular Coordinate System</i>	102
A.	Source-Free and Lossless Media	102
B.	Source-Free and Lossy Media	107
3.4.2	<i>Cylindrical Coordinate System</i>	110
3.4.3	<i>Spherical Coordinate System</i>	115
3.5	Multimedia	120
	References	120
	Problems	121
4	Wave Propagation and Polarization	123
4.1	Introduction	123
4.2	Transverse Electromagnetic Modes	123
4.2.1	<i>Uniform Plane Waves in an Unbounded Lossless Medium—Principal Axis</i>	124
A.	Electric and Magnetic Fields	124
B.	Wave Impedance	126
C.	Phase and Energy (Group) Velocities, Power, and Energy Densities	128
D.	Standing Waves	129
4.2.2	<i>Uniform Plane Waves in an Unbounded Lossless Medium—Oblique Angle</i>	131
A.	Electric and Magnetic Fields	132
B.	Wave Impedance	135
C.	Phase and Energy (Group) Velocities	136
D.	Power and Energy Densities	137
4.3	Transverse Electromagnetic Modes in Lossy Media	138
4.3.1	<i>Uniform Plane Waves in an Unbounded Lossy Medium—Principal Axis</i>	138
A.	Good Dielectrics $[(\sigma/\omega\epsilon)^2 \ll 1]$	142
B.	Good Conductors $[(\sigma/\omega\epsilon)^2 \gg 1]$	143
4.3.2	<i>Uniform Plane Waves in an Unbounded Lossy Medium—Oblique Angle</i>	143
4.4	Polarization	146
4.4.1	<i>Linear Polarization</i>	148
4.4.2	<i>Circular Polarization</i>	150

A.	Right-Hand (Clockwise) Circular Polarization	150
B.	Left-Hand (Counterclockwise) Circular Polarization	153
4.4.3	<i>Elliptical Polarization</i>	155
4.4.4	<i>Poincaré Sphere</i>	160
4.5	Multimedia	166
	References	166
	Problems	167
5	Reflection and Transmission	173
5.1	Introduction	173
5.2	Normal Incidence—Lossless Media	173
5.3	Oblique Incidence—Lossless Media	177
5.3.1	<i>Perpendicular (Horizontal or E) Polarization</i>	178
5.3.2	<i>Parallel (Vertical or H) Polarization</i>	182
5.3.3	<i>Total Transmission–Brewster Angle</i>	184
	A. Perpendicular (Horizontal) Polarization	186
	B. Parallel (Vertical) Polarization	187
5.3.4	<i>Total Reflection–Critical Angle</i>	188
	A. Perpendicular (Horizontal) Polarization	188
	B. Parallel (Vertical) Polarization	198
5.4	Lossy Media	198
5.4.1	<i>Normal Incidence: Conductor–Conductor Interface</i>	198
5.4.2	<i>Oblique Incidence: Dielectric–Conductor Interface</i>	201
5.4.3	<i>Oblique Incidence: Conductor–Conductor Interface</i>	205
5.5	Reflection and Transmission of Multiple Interfaces	205
5.5.1	<i>Reflection Coefficient of a Single Slab Layer</i>	206
5.5.2	<i>Reflection Coefficient of Multiple Layers</i>	213
	A. Quarter-Wavelength Transformer	214
	B. Binomial (Maximally Flat) Design	215
	C. Tschebyscheff (Equal-Ripple) Design	217
	D. Oblique-Wave Incidence	219
5.6	Polarization Characteristics on Reflection	220
5.7	Metamaterials	227
5.7.1	<i>Classification of Materials</i>	228
5.7.2	<i>Double Negative (DNG) Materials</i>	229
5.7.3	<i>Historical Perspective</i>	230
5.7.4	<i>Propagation Characteristics of DNG Materials</i>	231
5.7.5	<i>Refraction and Propagation Through DNG Interfaces and Materials</i>	233
5.7.6	<i>Negative-Refactive-Index (NRI) Transmission Lines</i>	241
5.8	Multimedia	245
	References	246
	Problems	247
6	Auxiliary Vector Potentials, Construction of Solutions, and Radiation and Scattering Equations	259
6.1	Introduction	259
6.2	The Vector Potential A	260
6.3	The Vector Potential F	262
6.4	The Vector Potentials A and F	263

6.5	Construction of Solutions	265
6.5.1	<i>Transverse Electromagnetic Modes: Source-Free Region</i>	265
A.	Rectangular Coordinate System	265
B.	Cylindrical Coordinate System	269
6.5.2	<i>Transverse Magnetic Modes: Source-Free Region</i>	272
A.	Rectangular Coordinate System	273
B.	Cylindrical Coordinate System	275
6.5.3	<i>Transverse Electric Modes: Source-Free Region</i>	276
A.	Rectangular Coordinate System	276
B.	Cylindrical Coordinate System	278
6.6	Solution of the Inhomogeneous Vector Potential Wave Equation	279
6.7	Far-Field Radiation	283
6.8	Radiation and Scattering Equations	284
6.8.1	<i>Near Field</i>	284
6.8.2	<i>Far Field</i>	286
A.	Rectangular Coordinate System	290
B.	Cylindrical Coordinate System	299
6.9	Multimedia	305
	References	305
	Problems	306
7	Electromagnetic Theorems and Principles	311
7.1	Introduction	311
7.2	Duality Theorem	311
7.3	Uniqueness Theorem	313
7.4	Image Theory	315
7.4.1	<i>Vertical Electric Dipole</i>	317
7.4.2	<i>Horizontal Electric Dipole</i>	321
7.5	Reciprocity Theorem	323
7.6	Reaction Theorem	325
7.7	Volume Equivalence Theorem	326
7.8	Surface Equivalence Theorem: Huygens's Principle	328
7.9	Induction Theorem (Induction Equivalent)	333
7.10	Physical Equivalent and Physical Optics Equivalent	337
7.11	Induction and Physical Equivalent Approximations	339
7.12	Multimedia	344
	References	344
	Problems	345
8	Rectangular Cross-Section Waveguides and Cavities	351
8.1	Introduction	351
8.2	Rectangular Waveguide	352
8.2.1	<i>Transverse Electric (TE^z)</i>	353
8.2.2	<i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z)</i>	361
8.2.3	<i>Dominant TE₁₀ Mode</i>	365
8.2.4	<i>Power Density and Power</i>	372
8.2.5	<i>Attenuation</i>	374
A.	Conduction (Ohmic) Losses	374
B.	Dielectric Losses	378
C.	Coupling	381

8.3	Rectangular Resonant Cavities	382
8.3.1	<i>Transverse Electric (TE^z) Modes</i>	385
8.3.2	<i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z) Modes</i>	389
8.4	Hybrid (LSE and LSM) Modes	390
8.4.1	<i>Longitudinal Section Electric (LSE^y) or Transverse Electric (TE^y) or H^y Modes</i>	390
8.4.2	<i>Longitudinal Section Magnetic (LSM^y) or Transverse Magnetic (TM^y) or E^y Modes</i>	393
8.5	Partially Filled Waveguide	393
8.5.1	<i>Longitudinal Section Electric (LSE^y) or Transverse Electric (TE^y)</i>	393
8.5.2	<i>Longitudinal Section Magnetic (LSM^y) or Transverse Magnetic (TM^y)</i>	400
8.6	Transverse Resonance Method	405
8.6.1	<i>Transverse Electric (TE^y) or Longitudinal Section Electric (LSE^y) or H^y</i>	407
8.6.2	<i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^y) or Longitudinal Section Magnetic (LSM^y) or E^y</i>	408
8.7	Dielectric Waveguide	408
8.7.1	<i>Dielectric Slab Waveguide</i>	408
8.7.2	<i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z) Modes</i>	410
A.	TM ^z (Even)	411
B.	TM ^z (Odd)	414
C.	Summary of TM ^z (Even) and TM ^z (Odd) Modes	414
D.	Graphical Solution for TM ^z _m (Even) and TM ^z _m (Odd) Modes	416
8.7.3	<i>Transverse Electric (TE^z) Modes</i>	419
8.7.4	<i>Ray-Tracing Method</i>	423
A.	Transverse Magnetic (TM ^z) Modes (Parallel Polarization)	428
B.	Transverse Electric (TE ^z) Modes (Perpendicular Polarization)	431
8.7.5	<i>Dielectric-Covered Ground Plane</i>	433
8.8	Artificial Impedance Surfaces	436
8.8.1	<i>Corrugations</i>	439
8.8.2	<i>Artificial Magnetic Conductors (AMC), Electromagnetic Band-Gap (EBG), and Photonic Band-Gap (PBG) Surfaces</i>	441
8.8.3	<i>Antenna Applications</i>	444
A.	Monopole	444
B.	Aperture	444
C.	Microstrip	446
8.8.4	<i>Design of Mushroom AMC</i>	448
8.8.5	<i>Surface Wave Dispersion Characteristics</i>	451
8.8.6	<i>Limitations of the Design</i>	454
8.9	Stripline and Microstrip Lines	455
8.9.1	<i>Stripline</i>	457
8.9.2	<i>Microstrip</i>	459
8.9.3	<i>Microstrip: Boundary-Value Problem</i>	465
8.10	Ridged Waveguide	466
8.11	Multimedia	470
	References	471
	Problems	474

9 Circular Cross-Section Waveguides and Cavities	483
9.1 Introduction	483
9.2 Circular Waveguide	483
9.2.1 <i>Transverse Electric (TE^z) Modes</i>	483
9.2.2 <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z) Modes</i>	488
9.2.3 <i>Attenuation</i>	495
9.3 Circular Cavity	500
9.3.1 <i>Transverse Electric (TE^z) Modes</i>	503
9.3.2 <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z) Modes</i>	504
9.3.3 <i>Quality Factor Q</i>	505
9.4 Radial Waveguides	509
9.4.1 <i>Parallel Plates</i>	509
A. <i>Transverse Electric (TE^z) Modes</i>	509
B. <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z) Modes</i>	512
9.4.2 <i>Wedged Plates</i>	513
A. <i>Transverse Electric (TE^z) Modes</i>	514
B. <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^z) Modes</i>	515
9.5 Dielectric Waveguides and Resonators	516
9.5.1 <i>Circular Dielectric Waveguide</i>	516
9.5.2 <i>Circular Dielectric Resonator</i>	526
A. <i>TE^z Modes</i>	528
B. <i>TM^z Modes</i>	529
C. <i>TE₀₁₈ Mode</i>	530
9.5.3 <i>Optical Fiber Cable</i>	532
9.5.4 <i>Dielectric-Covered Conducting Rod</i>	534
A. <i>TM^z Modes</i>	534
B. <i>TE^z Modes</i>	540
9.6 Multimedia	541
References	541
Problems	543
10 Spherical Transmission Lines and Cavities	549
10.1 Introduction	549
10.2 Construction of Solutions	549
10.2.1 <i>The Vector Potential F(J = 0, M ≠ 0)</i>	550
10.2.2 <i>The Vector Potential A(J ≠ 0, M = 0)</i>	552
10.2.3 <i>The Vector Potentials F and A</i>	552
10.2.4 <i>Transverse Electric (TE) Modes: Source-Free Region</i>	553
10.2.5 <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM) Modes: Source-Free Region</i>	555
10.2.6 <i>Solution of the Scalar Helmholtz Wave Equation</i>	556
10.3 Biconical Transmission Line	557
10.3.1 <i>Transverse Electric (TE^r) Modes</i>	557
10.3.2 <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^r) Modes</i>	559
10.3.3 <i>Transverse Electromagnetic (TEM^r) Modes</i>	559
10.4 The Spherical Cavity	561
10.4.1 <i>Transverse Electric (TE^r) Modes</i>	562
10.4.2 <i>Transverse Magnetic (TM^r) Modes</i>	564
10.4.3 <i>Quality Factor Q</i>	566
10.5 Multimedia	569

References	569
Problems	569
11 Scattering	575
11.1 Introduction	575
11.2 Infinite Line-Source Cylindrical Wave Radiation	575
11.2.1 <i>Electric Line Source</i>	576
11.2.2 <i>Magnetic Line Source</i>	580
11.2.3 <i>Electric Line Source Above Infinite Plane Electric Conductor</i>	580
11.3 Plane Wave Scattering by Planar Surfaces	583
11.3.1 <i>TM^z Plane Wave Scattering from a Strip</i>	584
11.3.2 <i>TE^x Plane Wave Scattering from a Flat Rectangular Plate</i>	591
11.4 Cylindrical Wave Transformations and Theorems	599
11.4.1 <i>Plane Waves in Terms of Cylindrical Wave Functions</i>	599
11.4.2 <i>Addition Theorem of Hankel Functions</i>	601
11.4.3 <i>Addition Theorem for Bessel Functions</i>	604
11.4.4 <i>Summary of Cylindrical Wave Transformations and Theorems</i>	606
11.5 Scattering by Circular Cylinders	607
11.5.1 <i>Normal Incidence Plane Wave Scattering by Conducting Circular Cylinder: TM^z Polarization</i>	607
A. Small Radius Approximation	610
B. Far-Zone Scattered Field	610
11.5.2 <i>Normal Incidence Plane Wave Scattering by Conducting Circular Cylinder: TE^z Polarization</i>	612
A. Small Radius Approximation	614
B. Far-Zone Scattered Field	615
11.5.3 <i>Oblique Incidence Plane Wave Scattering by Conducting Circular Cylinder: TM^z Polarization</i>	617
A. Far-Zone Scattered Field	621
11.5.4 <i>Oblique Incidence Plane Wave Scattering by Conducting Circular Cylinder: TE^z Polarization</i>	623
A. Far-Zone Scattered Field	627
11.5.5 <i>Line-Source Scattering by a Conducting Circular Cylinder</i>	628
A. Electric Line Source (TM ^z Polarization)	628
B. Magnetic Line Source (TE ^z Polarization)	632
11.6 Scattering By a Conducting Wedge	639
11.6.1 <i>Electric Line-Source Scattering by a Conducting Wedge: TM^z Polarization</i>	639
A. Far-Zone Field	643
B. Plane Wave Scattering	644
11.6.2 <i>Magnetic Line-Source Scattering by a Conducting Wedge: TE^z Polarization</i>	644
11.6.3 <i>Electric and Magnetic Line-Source Scattering by a Conducting Wedge</i>	648
11.7 Spherical Wave Orthogonalities, Transformations, and Theorems	650
11.7.1 <i>Vertical Dipole Spherical Wave Radiation</i>	650
11.7.2 <i>Orthogonality Relationships</i>	652
11.7.3 <i>Wave Transformations and Theorems</i>	653
11.8 Scattering by a Sphere	655
11.8.1 <i>Perfect Electric Conducting (PEC) Sphere</i>	655
11.8.2 <i>Lossy Dielectric Sphere</i>	663

11.9	Multimedia	665
	References	666
	Problems	668
12	Integral Equations and the Moment Method	679
12.1	Introduction	679
12.2	Integral Equation Method	679
12.2.1	<i>Electrostatic Charge Distribution</i>	680
A.	Finite Straight Wire	680
B.	Bent Wire	684
12.2.2	<i>Integral Equation</i>	686
12.2.3	<i>Radiation Pattern</i>	688
12.2.4	<i>Point-Matching (Collocation) Method</i>	689
12.2.5	<i>Basis Functions</i>	691
A.	Subdomain Functions	691
B.	Entire-Domain Functions	693
12.2.6	<i>Application of Point Matching</i>	695
12.2.7	<i>Weighting (Testing) Functions</i>	697
12.2.8	<i>Moment Method</i>	697
12.3	Electric and Magnetic Field Integral Equations	703
12.3.1	<i>Electric Field Integral Equation</i>	704
A.	Two-Dimensional EFIE: TM ^z Polarization	705
B.	Two-Dimensional EFIE: TE ^z Polarization	709
12.3.2	<i>Magnetic Field Integral Equation</i>	713
A.	Two-Dimensional MFIE: TM ^z Polarization	715
B.	Two-Dimensional MFIE: TE ^z Polarization	717
C.	Solution of the Two-Dimensional MFIE TE ^z Polarization	719
12.4	Finite Diameter Wires	723
12.4.1	<i>Pocklington's Integral Equation</i>	724
12.4.2	<i>Hallén's Integral Equation</i>	727
12.4.3	<i>Source Modeling</i>	729
A.	Delta Gap	729
B.	Magnetic Frill Generator	729
12.5	Computer Codes	732
12.5.1	<i>Two-Dimensional Radiation and Scattering</i>	732
A.	Strip	733
B.	Circular, Elliptical, or Rectangular Cylinder	733
12.5.2	<i>Pocklington's Wire Radiation and Scattering</i>	734
A.	Radiation	734
B.	Scattering	734
12.5.3	<i>Numerical Electromagnetics Code</i>	734
12.6	Multimedia	735
	References	735
	Problems	737
13	Geometrical Theory of Diffraction	741
13.1	Introduction	741
13.2	Geometrical Optics	742
13.2.1	<i>Amplitude Relation</i>	745

13.2.2 <i>Phase and Polarization Relations</i>	749
13.2.3 <i>Reflection from Surfaces</i>	751
13.3 Geometrical Theory of Diffraction: Edge Diffraction	761
13.3.1 <i>Amplitude, Phase, and Polarization Relations</i>	761
13.3.2 <i>Straight Edge Diffraction: Normal Incidence</i>	765
A. Modal Solution	767
B. High-Frequency Asymptotic Solution	768
C. Method of Steepest Descent	772
D. Geometrical Optics and Diffracted Fields	777
E. Diffraction Coefficients	780
13.3.3 <i>Straight Edge Diffraction: Oblique Incidence</i>	800
13.3.4 <i>Curved Edge Diffraction: Oblique Incidence</i>	808
13.3.5 <i>Equivalent Currents in Diffraction</i>	815
13.3.6 <i>Slope Diffraction</i>	819
13.3.7 <i>Multiple Diffractions</i>	821
A. Higher-Order Diffractions	822
B. Self-Consistent Method	824
C. Overlap Transition Diffraction Region	827
13.4 Computer Codes	829
13.4.1 <i>Wedge Diffraction Coefficients</i>	830
13.4.2 <i>Fresnel Transition Function</i>	831
13.4.3 <i>Slope Wedge Diffraction Coefficients</i>	831
13.5 Multimedia	831
References	832
Problems	835
14 Diffraction by Wedge with Impedance Surfaces	849
14.1 Introduction	849
14.2 Impedance Surface Boundary Conditions	850
14.3 Impedance Surface Reflection Coefficients	851
14.4 The Maliuzhinets Impedance Wedge Solution	854
14.5 Geometrical Optics	857
14.6 Surface Wave Terms	865
14.7 Diffracted Fields	868
14.7.1 <i>Diffraction Terms</i>	868
14.7.2 <i>Asymptotic Expansions</i>	869
14.7.3 <i>Diffracted Field</i>	870
14.8 Surface Wave Transition Field	875
14.9 Computations	877
14.10 Multimedia	879
References	880
Problems	883
15 Green's Functions	885
15.1 Introduction	885
15.2 Green's Functions in Engineering	886
15.2.1 <i>Circuit Theory</i>	886
15.2.2 <i>Mechanics</i>	889
15.3 Sturm–Liouville Problems	891

15.3.1	<i>Green's Function in Closed Form</i>	893
15.3.2	<i>Green's Function in Series</i>	898
A.	Vibrating String	898
B.	Sturm-Liouville Operator	899
15.3.3	<i>Green's Function in Integral Form</i>	904
15.4	Two-Dimensional Green's Function in Rectangular Coordinates	908
15.4.1	<i>Static Fields</i>	908
A.	Closed Form	908
B.	Series Form	914
15.4.2	<i>Time-Harmonic Fields</i>	917
15.5	Green's Identities and Methods	919
15.5.1	<i>Green's First and Second Identities</i>	920
15.5.2	<i>Generalized Green's Function Method</i>	922
A.	Nonhomogeneous Partial Differential Equation with Homogeneous Dirichlet Boundary Conditions	923
B.	Nonhomogeneous Partial Differential Equation with Nonhomogeneous Dirichlet Boundary Conditions	923
C.	Nonhomogeneous Partial Differential Equation with Homogeneous Neumann Boundary Conditions	924
D.	Nonhomogeneous Partial Differential Equation with Mixed Boundary Conditions	925
15.6	Green's Functions of the Scalar Helmholtz Equation	925
15.6.1	<i>Rectangular Coordinates</i>	925
15.6.2	<i>Cylindrical Coordinates</i>	928
15.6.3	<i>Spherical Coordinates</i>	933
15.7	Dyadic Green's Functions	938
15.7.1	<i>Dyadics</i>	938
15.7.2	<i>Green's Functions</i>	939
15.8	Multimedia	941
	References	941
	Problems	942
Appendix I	Identities	947
Appendix II	Vector Analysis	951
Appendix III	Fresnel Integrals	961
Appendix IV	Bessel Functions	967
Appendix V	Legendre Polynomials and Functions	981
Appendix VI	The Method of Steepest Descent (Saddle-Point Method)	997
Index		1003