

Contents

1 Introduction to the Clinical Immunology laboratory	1		
<i>Angela Hall and Chris Baldwin</i>			
Introduction	1		
1.1 Immunology	2		
1.2 Immunology in biomedical science	3		
Chapter summary	5		
Discussion questions	5		
2 Immunoglobulins	6		
<i>Lynn Follows and Phillip A Whitfield</i>			
Introduction	6		
2.1 Immunoglobulins	6		
2.2 The monoclonal gammopathies	12		
2.3 Quantification of immunoglobulins	14		
2.4 Cerebrospinal fluid and isoelectric focusing	33		
2.5 Cryoglobulins	37		
Chapter summary	40		
Further reading	41		
Discussion questions	42		
3 Allergy	43		
<i>Kirsty Swallow</i>			
Introduction	43		
3.1 Allergy terminology	43		
3.2 Allergens	44		
3.3 Allergy mechanisms	45		
3.4 Clinical features of allergic diseases	46		
3.5 Clinical diagnosis	49		
3.6 Allergen-specific IgE tests	53		
3.7 Allergen standardization	54		
3.8 Cross-reactivity	55		
3.9 Component resolved diagnostics	57		
3.10 Microarray-based allergy testing	59		
3.11 Total IgE measurements	61		
3.12 Quality assurance of laboratory allergy tests	62		
3.13 Flow cytometric basophil activation test	63		
3.14 Measurement of mediators released during allergic reactions	68		
3.15 IgG antibodies in hypersensitivity	71		
Chapter summary	73		
Further reading	73		
Discussion questions	74		
4 Complement	75		
<i>Mo Moody, Tariq El-Shanawany, Paul Williams, B Paul Morgan, and Stephen Jolles</i>			
Introduction	75		
4.1 Actions of complement	76		
4.2 Regulation of complement	79		
4.3 Complement deficiencies	80		
4.4 Measurement of complement activity	84		
4.5 C1 inhibitor deficiency	91		
4.6 Auto-antibodies against complement components and complexes	95		
4.7 Complement allotyping	96		
4.8 Molecular testing for complement deficiencies	96		
Chapter summary	97		
Further reading	97		
Discussion questions	98		
5 Autoimmune rheumatological disease	99		
<i>Chris Scott</i>			
Introduction	99		
5.1 Systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)	100		
5.2 Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)	102		
5.3 Scleroderma	105		
5.4 Sjögren's syndrome	107		
5.5 Polymyositis and dermatomyositis	107		
5.6 Antiphospholipid syndrome (APS)	107		
5.7 Overlapping connective tissue diseases	109		

5.8	Auto-antibodies	110	8.2	Pemphigoid diseases	172
	Chapter summary	118	8.3	Pemphigus diseases	177
	Further reading	118	8.4	Other autoimmune blistering skin disorders	183
	Discussion questions	119		Chapter summary	186
6	Autoimmune kidney disease	120		Acknowledgements	187
	Angela Hall			Further reading	187
	Introduction	120		Discussion questions	187
6.1	Vasculitis and classification	121	9	Autoimmune liver diseases	188
6.2	Microscopic polyangiitis (MPA)	123		Edward Davies	
6.3	Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (Wegener's) (GPA)	124		Introduction	188
6.4	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (Churg–Strauss) (EGPA)	124	9.1	Autoimmune hepatitis (AIH)	189
6.5	Anti-GBM disease (Goodpasture's syndrome)	125	9.2	Autoimmune sclerosing cholangitis (ASC)	197
6.6	Membranous nephropathy (MN)	125	9.3	Primary biliary cirrhosis (PBC)	199
6.7	Pathogenesis of renal related auto-antibodies	126	9.4	Overlap syndromes	204
6.8	Treatment and prognosis of autoimmune renal disease	127	9.5	Technical notes	206
6.9	Auto-antibodies in autoimmune kidney diseases	128		Chapter summary	208
	Chapter summary	137		Further reading	209
	Further reading	138		Discussion questions	209
	Discussion questions	138	10	Neuroimmunology	210
7	Organ-specific autoimmunity	139		Abid R Karim and S Jacob	
	Robert J Lock			Introduction	210
	Introduction	139	10.1	Terminology	213
7.1	Autoimmune thyroid disease	141	10.2	Epidemiology	213
7.2	Coeliac disease	148	10.3	Clinical features of paraneoplastic syndromes	214
7.3	Pernicious anaemia	156	10.4	Malignancies commonly associated with PNS	221
7.4	Autoimmune endocrinopathies	159	10.5	Paraneoplastic neurological antibodies (PNA)	221
	Chapter summary	168	10.6	Well-characterized paraneoplastic antibodies	226
	Further reading	168	10.7	Partially characterized paraneoplastic antibodies	234
	Discussion questions	169	10.8	Pathogenic antibodies with or without cancer	238
8	Autoimmune skin disease	170	10.9	Miscellaneous antibodies	245
	Robert J Lock, Sarah Johnston, and Philip Bright			Chapter summary	250
	Introduction	170		Further reading	250
8.1	Skin structure	171		Discussion questions	251

11 Flow cytometry and primary immunodeficiency	252	12.8 Treatment regimens for HIV-1 infections	292
<i>Dawn Barge</i>		12.9 Prevention of HIV transmission and infection	295
Introduction	252	<i>Chapter summary</i>	298
11.1 Lymphocyte subsets	253	<i>Discussion questions</i>	298
11.2 T cells	258	13 Histocompatibility and immunogenetics	299
11.3 B cells	264	<i>David Wilson and Vaughan Carter</i>	
11.4 Natural killer (NK) cells	266	Introduction	299
11.5 Additional antibodies	267	13.1 The major histocompatibility complex (MHC)	300
11.6 Inducible antigens	270	13.2 HLA system	301
11.7 Intracellular staining	273	13.3 HLA typing	303
11.8 Functional assays	273	13.4 HLA antibody testing	305
11.9 Neutrophil defects	275	13.5 Solid organ transplantation	306
<i>Chapter summary</i>	280	13.6 Post-transplant monitoring	313
<i>Further reading</i>	281	13.7 Haematopoietic progenitor cell transplantation	314
<i>Discussion questions</i>	281	13.8 HLA and disease	314
12 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)	282	<i>Chapter summary</i>	318
<i>Alison Cox</i>		<i>Acknowledgements</i>	319
Introduction	282	<i>Discussion questions</i>	319
12.1 The human immunodeficiency virus	283	References	321
12.2 The life cycle of HIV	283	Glossary	327
12.3 Transmission of HIV	285	Abbreviations	331
12.4 Effects of HIV on the immune system	285	Hints and tips for discussion questions	333
12.5 Clinical features of HIV infection	286	Index	339
12.6 Progression to AIDS	287		
12.7 Laboratory diagnosis of HIV infection	288		